

Through Listening and Appraising, Musical Activities, and Performing and sharing pupils should be taught to

Vocabulary

Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control. They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory.

Pupils should be taught to:

- play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- use and understand staff and other musical notations
- appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- develop an understanding of the history of music.

Structure, intro/introduction, verse, chorus, improvise, compose, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, bass, drums, guitar, keyboard, synthesizer, hook, melody, texture, structure, electric guitar, organ, backing vocals, hook, riff, melody, Reggae, pentatonic scale, imagination, Disco.

Knowledge and skills

Autumn 1		Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2		Summer 1	Summer 2
Developing Notation Skills		Enjoying Improvisation	Whole Class Recorder tuition	Class production		Learning more about musical styles	Recognising different sounds
Listen and Appraise	 Knowledge To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. ● To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: 1,Its lyrics: what the song is about 2,Any musical dimensions featured in the song, and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) 3,Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc.) 4,Name some of the instruments they heard in the song 				To think aboutTo take it in tur		the state of the s
Games	 Knowledge Know how to find and demonstrate the pulse. Know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song. Know that every piece of music has a pulse/steady beat. Know the difference between a musical question and an answer. 				Bronze, Silver and following in relati 1. Find the Pulse 2. Rhythm Copy E Silver: Create you Perhaps lead the 3. Pitch Copy Bac Listen and sing b instruments, with with instruments,	Back: a. Bronze: Clap or own simple rhythm class using their simp k Using 2 Notes a. Br ack' (no notation) b.	aildren will complete the using two notes: and say back rhythms b. a patterns c. Gold: ble rhythms onze: Copy back — Silver: Copy back with on c. Gold: Copy back ith notation

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Singing	Knowledge To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a choir Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other To know why you must warm up your voice	 Specific skills To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To have an awareness of the pulse internally when singing.
Playing Instruments	Knowledge To know and be able to talk about the instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, a recorder)	 Specific skills To treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play any one, or all of four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song) from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
Improvisation	Knowledge To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake	Specific skills Improvise using instruments in the context of the song they are learning to perform. Using the improvisation tracks provided, children will complete the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges: • Bronze Challenge: Copy Back – Listen and sing back Play and Improvise – Using instruments, listen and play your own answer using one note. Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using one note. • Silver Challenge: Sing, Play and Copy Back – Listen and copy back using instruments, using two different notes. Play and Improvise – Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using one or two notes. Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using one or two notes. • Gold Challenge: Sing, Play and Copy Back – Listen and copy back using instruments, two different notes. Play and Improvise – Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using two different notes. Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using three different notes
Composing	Knowledge To know and be able to talk about: A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)	Specific skills Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notes. Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song. Talk about how it was created. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).
Performing	Knowledge To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music	Specific skills To choose what to perform and create a programme. To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the best place to be when performing and how to stand or sit. To record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with what they would change and why.